

Trends in Database Development: XML, .NET, WinFS

Alexander Vaschillo

Microsoft

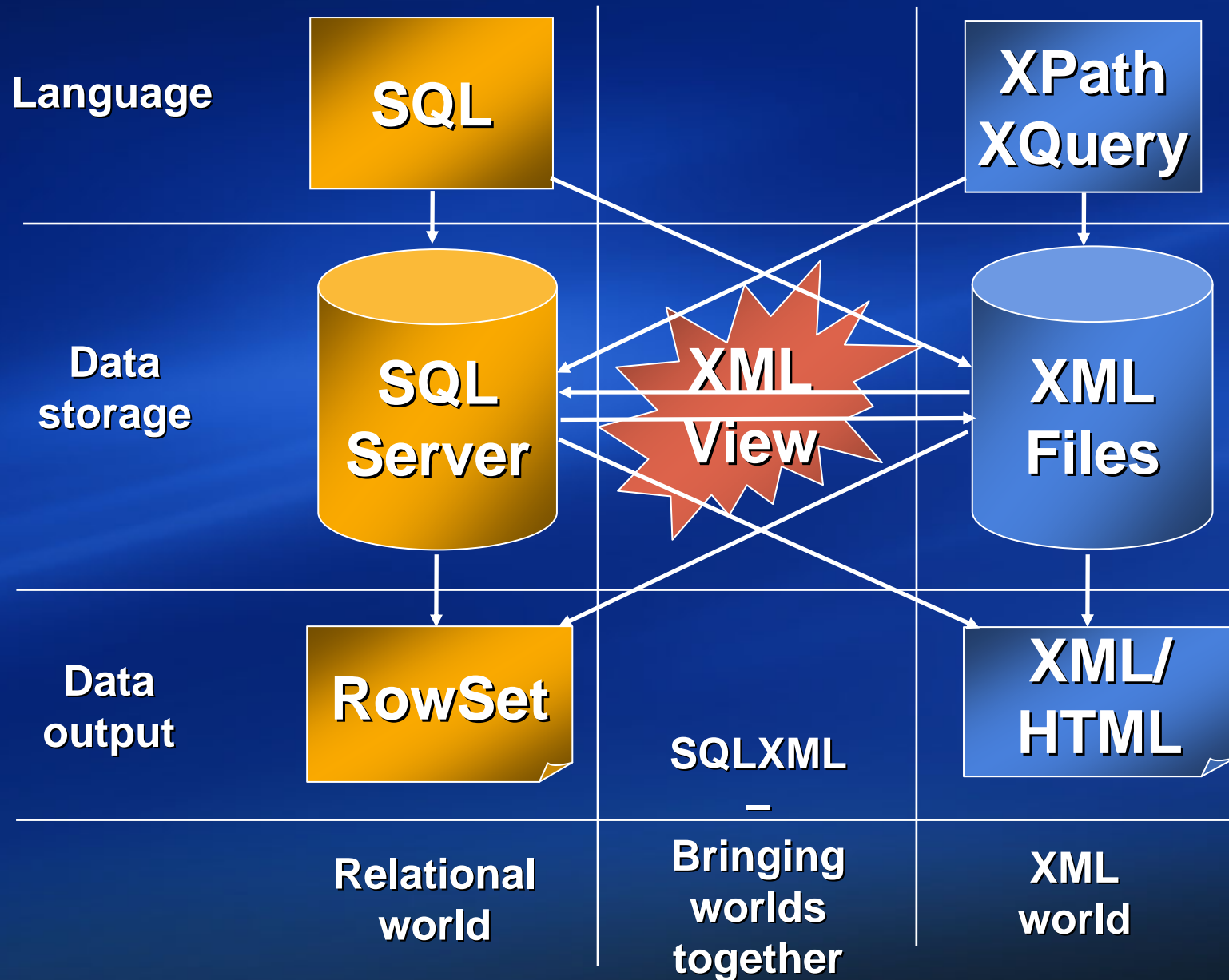
SQL Server Stores Everything

- Overall direction: Storing stuff whatever this stuff is
- Different data models
 - Relational
 - Hierarchical (XML)
 - Object (Graphs)
 - Files

Latest in SQL Server

- XML
 - Mapping to relational (SQLXML)
 - Native (XML Datatype)
- Objects
 - Mapping to relational (ObjectSpaces)
 - Native (CLR UDT)
- .NET integration
 - Server
 - Client
- Using all of the above
 - WinFS

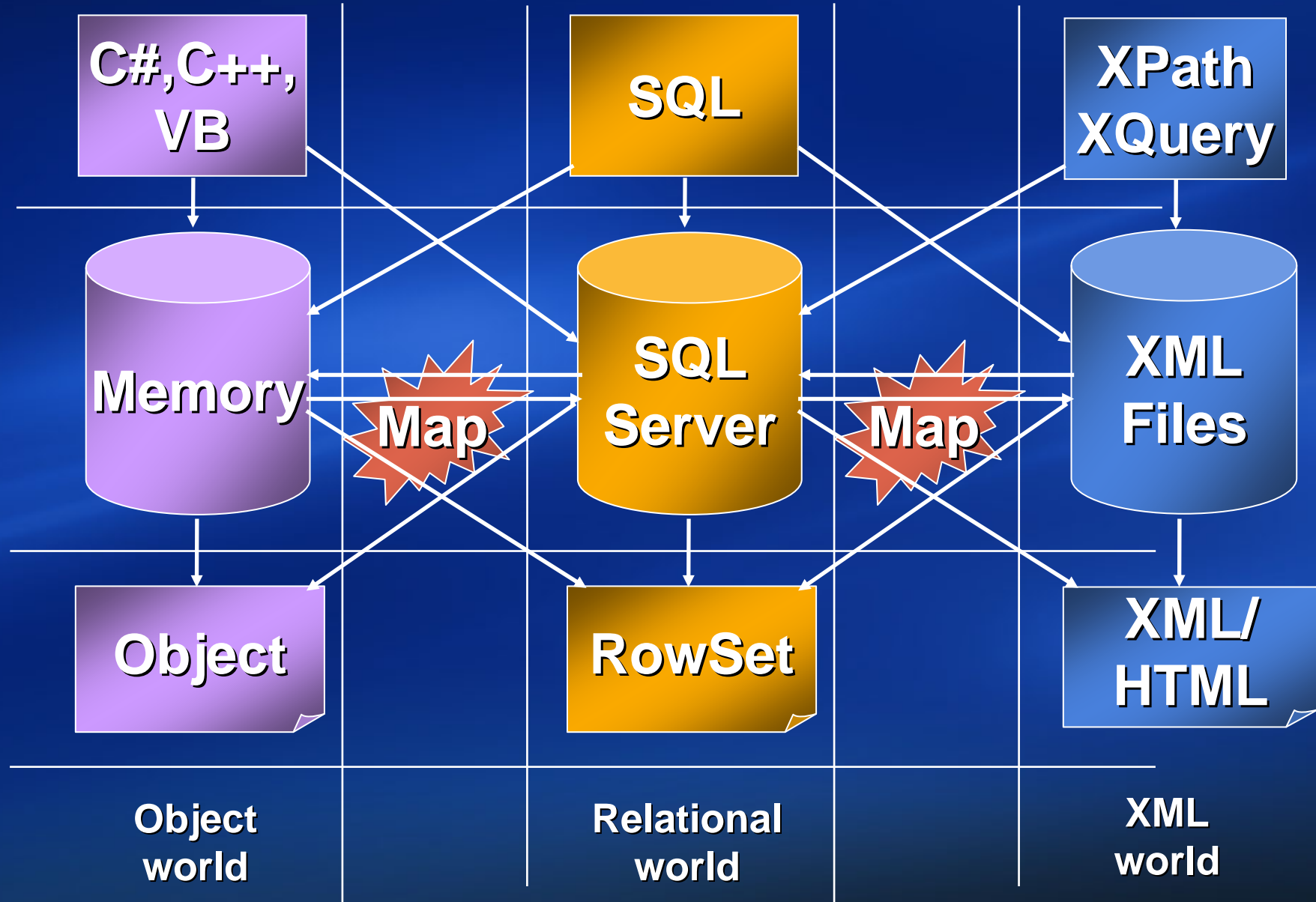
The Two Worlds



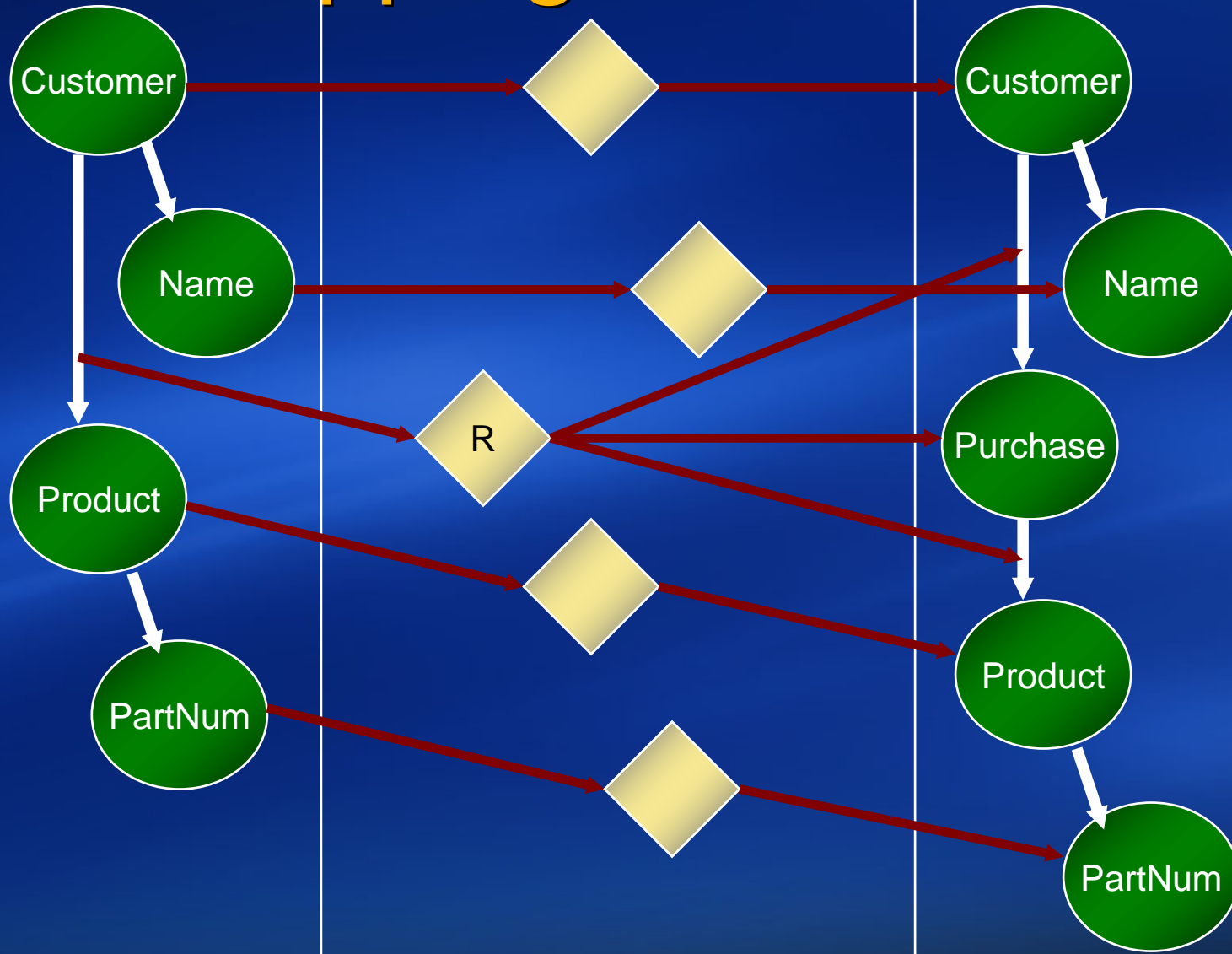
XSD Mapping Example

```
<xsd:schema xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:msdata="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:mapping-schema">
  <xsd:element name="Customer" msdata:relation="Customers">
    <xsd:complexType>
      <xsd:sequence>
        <xsd:element name="Order" msdata:relation="Orders">
          <xsd:annotation><xsd:appinfo>
            <msdata:relationship
              parent="Customers" parent-key="CustomerID"
              child="Orders" child-key="CustomerID" />
          </xsd:appinfo></xsd:annotation>
          <xsd:complexType>
            <xsd:attribute name="OrderDate" type="xsd:dateTime"/>
          </xsd:complexType>
        </xsd:element>
      </xsd:sequence>
      <xsd:attribute name="CustomerID" />
    </xsd:complexType>
  </xsd:element>
</xsd:schema>
```

Three Worlds



New Mapping



Data Model Graph

Mapping

Data Model Graph

Native XML Store

XML Data Type

- XML data type
 - Native SQL type
 - Use for column, variable or parameter

```
CREATE TABLE docs (id INT PRIMARY KEY, xDoc XML NOT NULL)
```

- Store un-typed or typed XML instances
- Well-formed and validation checks
- Optional XML Schema enforcement
- XML instances stored as LOB (2GB)
 - Efficient binary representation

Native XML Store

XML Index

- Create XML index on XML column

```
CREATE XML INDEX idx_1 ON docs (xDoc)
```

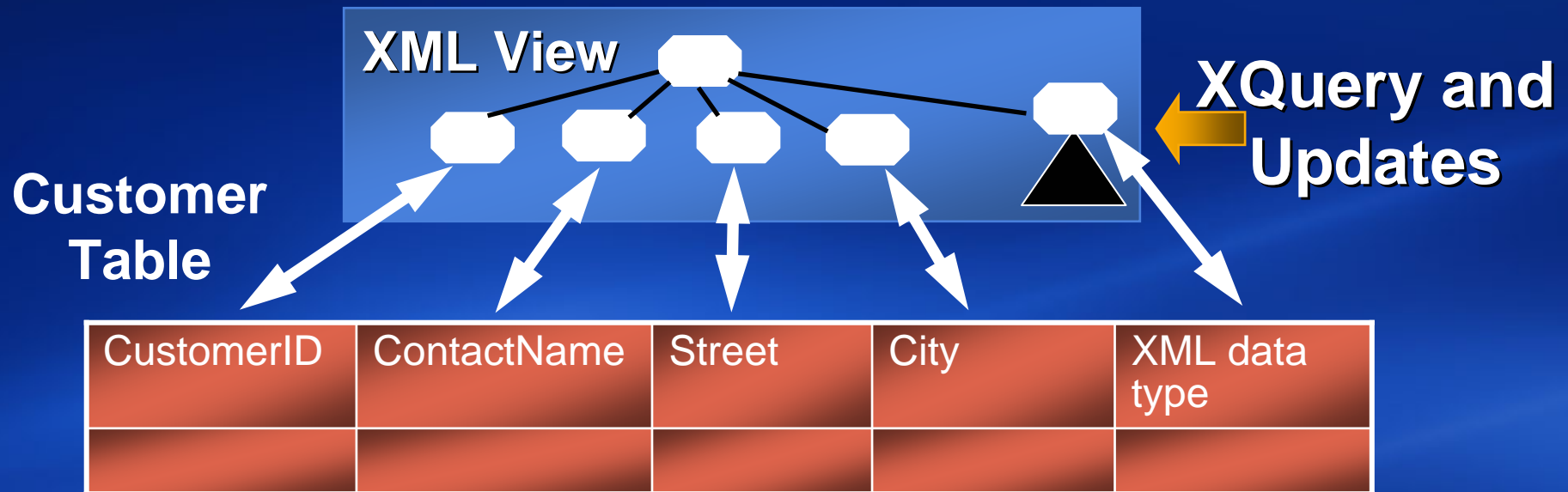
- Creates indexes on tags, values & paths
- Speeds up queries
 - Entire query is optimized
 - Same industry leading cost based optimizer
 - Indexes are used as available

XML Query

- XQuery: query XML documents and data
 - Standards-based: W3C
- In document 123, return section heading of section 3 and later

```
SELECT id, xDoc::query('
  for $s in
    /doc[@id = 123]//sec[@num >= 3]
  return <topic>{data($s/heading)}</topic>
')
FROM docs
```

XML View: Unification Model



- SQL Server “Yukon” XML data type
 - Use XQuery
- Relational columns
 - Use SQL
- XML View hides representation
 - Use XQuery against any data

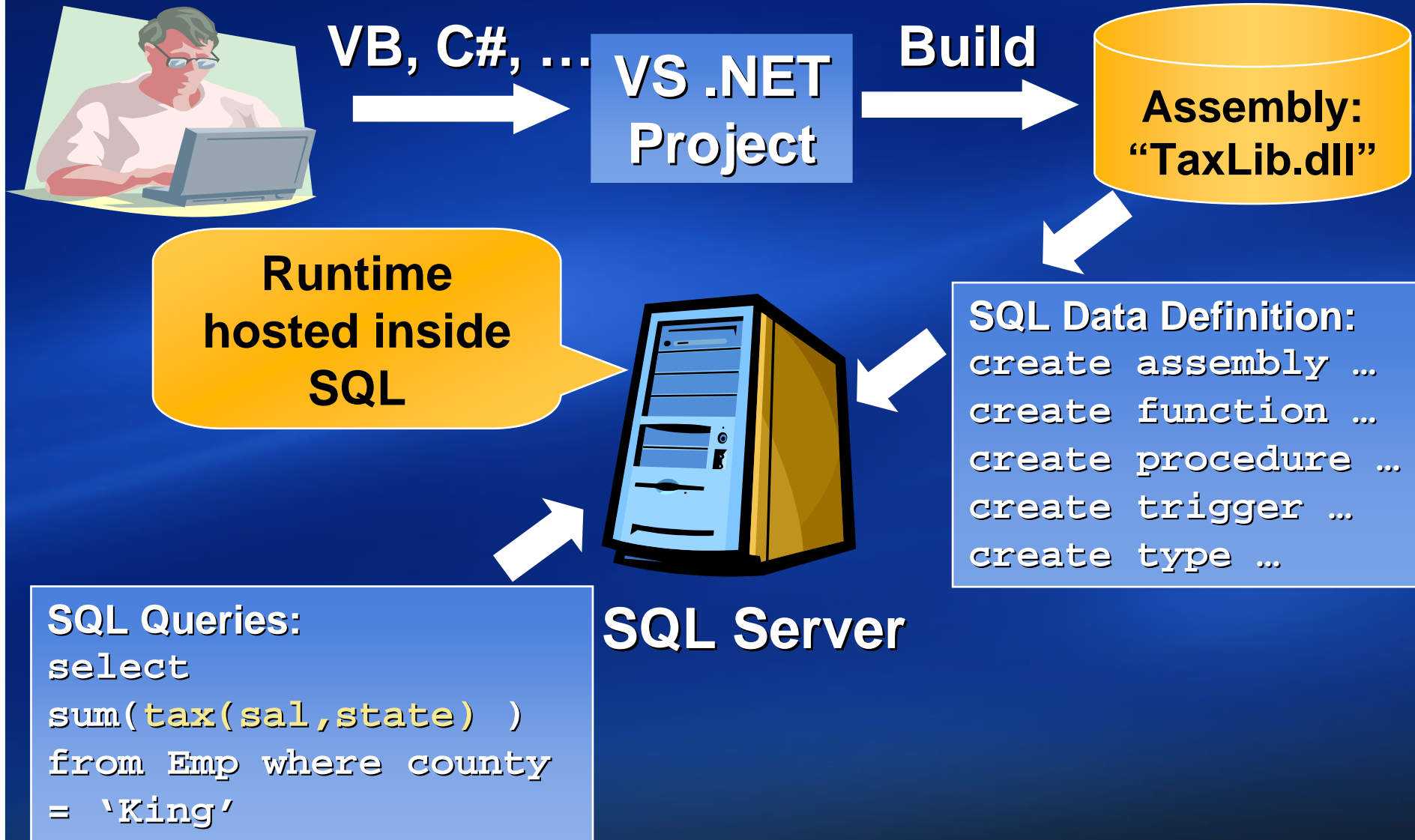
.NET Integration

- Server side: SQLCLR
 - .NET hosted inside the database
 - Write stored procedures in C#
 - Use ADO programming model on the server the same way as on the client side
 - Create UDTs
- Client side
 - Web Services
 - Dataset
 - Objectspaces

SQLCLR

- Component reuse
- Mainstream development experience
- Familiar choice of programming languages and constructs
- Leverage existing libraries and components
- Seamless debugging and deployment
- Deep integration with the engine

SQLCLR Development



Web Services Overview

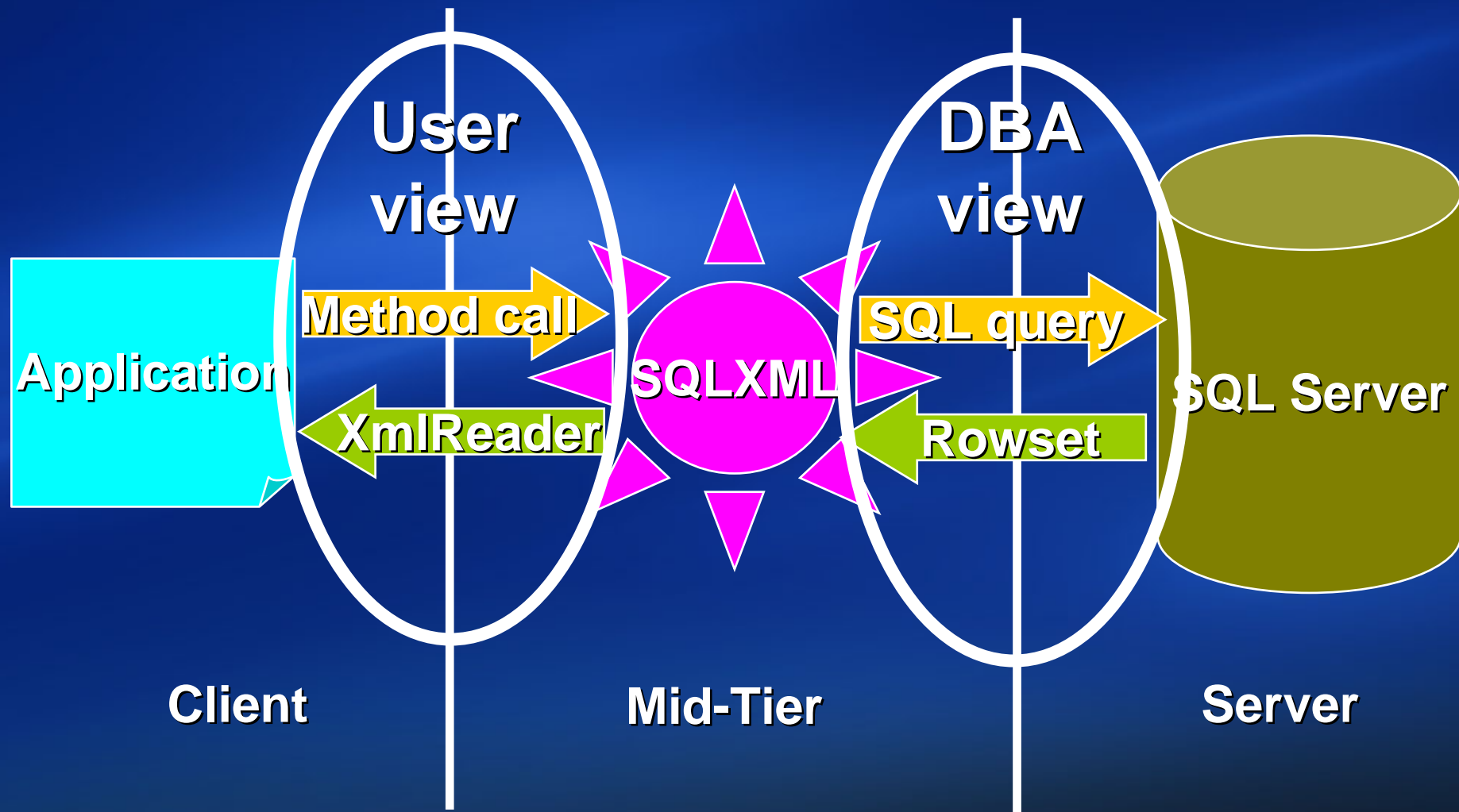
- Natural client side programming model
- Turn your existing Stored Procedures into web Services
- Messaging done according to SOAP 1.1 standard
- Choose how to model results
 - XML
 - Objects
 - Dataset
- Can run on database server or mid-tier
- Integrated with Visual Studio

Easy Programming Model

- SQLXML generates WSDL automatically
- Visual Studio.NET recognizes a Dataset
- Retrieve results of a Stored Procedure and load into a Dataset in 1 line of code!

```
Dim Service As New MyHost.MyWebService()  
Dim retval As Integer  
DataSet ds = Service.GetCustomer(Name)
```


Web Services – Decoupled Architecture



Universal Storage

- SQL server
 - Abstracts data model from the user
 - Abstracts data access programming model from the user
 - Abstracts its existence from the user
- Can it replace file system?

User Files

- Unstructured data
 - Not really unstructured – proprietary structure
- Data broken into files
 - One level of granularity (HTML, Powerpoint)
 - Easy manipulation?
- Proprietary formats
 - Need particular application to interpret files
 - No Sharing (Import/Export)
 - No relationships
- Duplication of Data
- Compatibility of data (Emails, Contacts,...)

WinFS

- Database
 - Reliability, Concurrency, Speed, query optimization
- Understanding schemas
- Uniform Search
- New APIs
 - SQL
 - Objects
- Old APIs
 - Will be supported
- Old files still work
 - Want to enable richer integration – provide translations mechanisms

WinFS Schemas

- Unification on some level
 - Base schemas shipped with Windows
- Play by the rules – all applications will be enabled with your data
 - Use extensions for your proprietary data
- Convenient programming model
- Shell supports libraries
- Navigation (relationships)
- Integration (Email body is a document)

The Windows Schemas

User Data

- Principals
- Locations
- Calendar Events
- Core
- Message (Email)
- Documents
- Annotations
- Media
- Notes
- Person Tasks
- Audio
- Videos
- Images
- Games
- ...

System

- System Tasks
- Explorer
- Config
- NaturalUI
- Programs
- Services
- Security
- Help
- Device
- ...

Infrastructure

- WinFSTypes
- Meta
- Base
- File
- Sync
- ShellSubscriptions
- ...

WinFs Data Model

- Common data model
- Simple but rich
- Common programming model for all applications
- Unified store - unified access
- Subsume relational concepts
- Rich object abstraction for data
- Semantic relationships
- Align with CLR

Common Data Model

- Map to CLR - framework
- Map to SQL – add some abstractions
- Express data in XML
- Combine SQL 99, CLR, XSD, UML
 - Nested tables
 - Relationships
 - Scalar types
- Provide mapping to other data models

SQL 99 Data Model

- Too implementation specific – not a good application level abstraction
- Tables, not types are first class
 - Identity
 - Operational semantics (copy, etc.)
- Integrate SQL with Programming language rather than map from objects to DB
- No high-level relationship support
 - Can use low-level concepts (foreign keys)

CLR Data Model

- Framework on top
 - Constrain
 - Enhance with additional functionality
- Not designed for persistence
 - References are not durable
 - Foreign keys can be persisted
- No set-oriented query capabilities
- No high-level relationship concepts
 - Can use collections to implement some
- No support for BLOBs

XML/XSD Data Model

- Use XML syntax, but not semantics
- No Relationships in XSD Data Model
- Too many concepts not useful for us and hard to map to CLR and SQL
- Different set of scalar types
- Complex mechanisms for type extension
 - Not compatible with CLR

WinFS Data Model

- Items (Entities)
- Scalar types
- Inline Types
- Inheritance
- Extensions
- Relationships

Items

- Have identity
- Smallest referenceable unit
- Have Properties and Behaviors (methods)
- Can exist independently, can be copied, etc.
- Person, Message, Document, Audio,...

```
<EntityType Name="Person">  
  <Property Name="Name" Type="WinFS.String"/>  
  <Property Name="Age" Type="WinFS.Int32" Default="1"/>  
  <Property Name="Picture" Type="WinFS.Binary"/>  
  <Property Name="Addresses" Type="Array(Address)"/>  
</EntityType>
```

Scalar Types

- Used for properties on an Item (Relationship)
- Carefully chosen subset of SQL and CLR types
- String, Boolean, Binary, Byte, Int16, Int32, Int64, Single, Double, Decimal, DateTime, Guid, XML, Stream.

- Enumeration

```
<Enumeration Name="Gender" >  
  <EnumerationMember Name="Male" />  
  <EnumerationMember Name="Female" />  
</Enumeration>
```

- Arrays and Sets

Inline type

- A structure without identity
- Not referenceable
- Has to be contained in an Entity (or Relationship)
- Example: Address

```
<InlineType Name="Address">
```

```
  <Property Name="Street" Type="String" Nullable="false"/>
```

```
  <Property Name="City" Type="String" Nullable="false"/>
```

```
  ...
```

```
</InlineType>
```

Inheritance

- Single inheritance (Items, Inline types)
- Substitutability

```
<Type Name="Name" >
```

```
  <Property Name="FirstName" Type="WinFS.String" />
```

```
  <Property Name="LastName" Type="WinFS.String" />
```

```
</Type>
```

```
<Type Name="NameWithMiddleInitial" BaseType="Name" >
```

```
  <Property Name="MiddleInitial" Type="WinFS.String" />
```

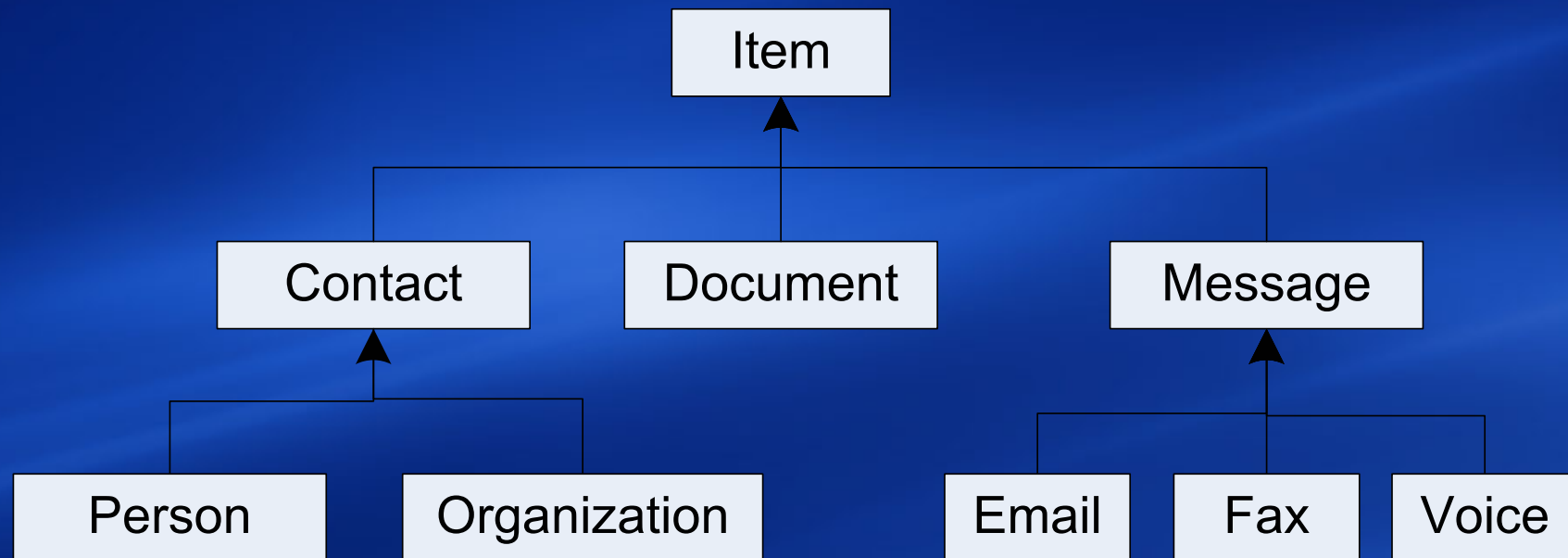
```
</Type>
```

```
<Type Name="Person" BaseType="System.Storage.Item" >
```

```
  <Property Name=" PersonalName" Type="Array(Name)" />
```

```
</Type>
```


Inheritance Hierarchy



Extensions

- Non-invasively adds more structures to an existing Item
- Multiple extensions can be added independently
- Must be attached to an Item and live with it

```
<EntityExtensionType Name="MSNData"  
  ExtendsType="PersonItem" >  
  <Property Name="Passport" Type="PassportData" />  
  <Property Name="MSNId" Type="Guid" />  
</EntityExtentionType>
```

Relationships

- Document-Author, Message-Participant, Album-Record
- Association and Composition
- Relate two Items
- May have properties
- Support cardinalities (1:1, m:1, 1:m, m:m)
- May control lifetime
- Based on common values or identity

Relationship Example

```
<EntityType Name="Customer" ...> ...  
</EntityType>
```

```
<EntityType Name="Order" ...>  
  <Property Name="CustRef" Type="Ref(Customer)"/> ...  
</EntityType>
```

```
<Association Name="OrderCustomer" >  
  <End Role="OrderRole" Type="Order" Multiplicity="*" />  
  <End Role="CustomerRole" Type="Customer"  
    OnDelete="Cascade" Multiplicity="1" />  
  <Reference FromRole="OrderRole"  
    ToRole="CustomerRole" Property="CustRef"/>  
</Association>
```

Relationship Example

```
<Association Name="DocumentAuthor" >  
  <End Role="DocumentRole" Type="Document"  
    Multiplicity="*" />  
  <End Role="ContactRole" Type="Contact" Multiplicity="1"/>  
  <Condition>  
    DocumentRole.Author = ContactRole.Name  
  </Condition >  
</Association>
```

Data Model Mapping

- A WinFS schema is mapped to a SQL schema
- Types are mapped to CRL classes in the storage (UDT), and CLR API classes
- Classes are automatically created based on type definition
- Views are generated for each type
- Relationships: UDT vs. metadata
- Schema becomes a namespace in the API

WinFS API

- Natural programming model
- Language integration
- Collections vs. SQL Queries
- Database operations are hidden from a developer

Querying WinFS

```
StorageContext sc = new StorageContext();
```

```
StorageSearcher<PersonItem> searcher =  
    sc.Items.FilterByType<PersonItem>().  
        Filter("Exists(Names[LastName='Smith'])");
```

```
PersonItem p1 = searcher.GetFirst();
```

or

```
foreach (PersonItem p in searcher)
```

```
{ ...
```

```
}
```


Query Composition

```
StorageSearcher<MessageItem> messages =  
    sc.Items.FilterByType<MessageItem>().  
        Filter("Subject LIKE '%Academic Days%'");
```

```
StorageSearcher<StorageRecord> myMessages  
    = messages.Project("Subject, Size ").  
        Sort("Size desc");
```

```
foreach( StorageRecord m in myMessages)  
{  
    string s = m["Subject"];  
    int size = m["Size"];  
}
```

Item Creation

```
Item root = sc.GetRootItem();
```

```
PersonItem person = new PersonItem();  
person.DateOfBirth = "11/01/1960";
```

```
FullName fullName = new FullName();  
fullName.FirstName = "John";  
fullName.LastName = "Smith";  
person.Names.Add(fullName);
```

```
root.Children.Add(person);  
sc.SaveChanges();
```

Relationship Navigation

```
StorageSearcher<OrganizationItem> organizations =  
    sc.Items.WithType<OrganizationItem>().  
        Filter("Keywords[Value='Financial']");
```

```
StorageSearcher<PersonItem> employees =  
    EmploymentRelation.GetEmployees(organizations);
```

```
StorageSearcher<DocumentItem> documents =  
    DocumentAuthorRelation.GetDocuments(employees);
```

```
foreach( DocumentItem document in documents)  
{  
    ...  
}
```

Notifications

```
PersonItem person =  
    sc.Items.FilterByType<PersonItem>().  
        Filter("Exists(Names[LastName='Smith'])").GetFirst();
```

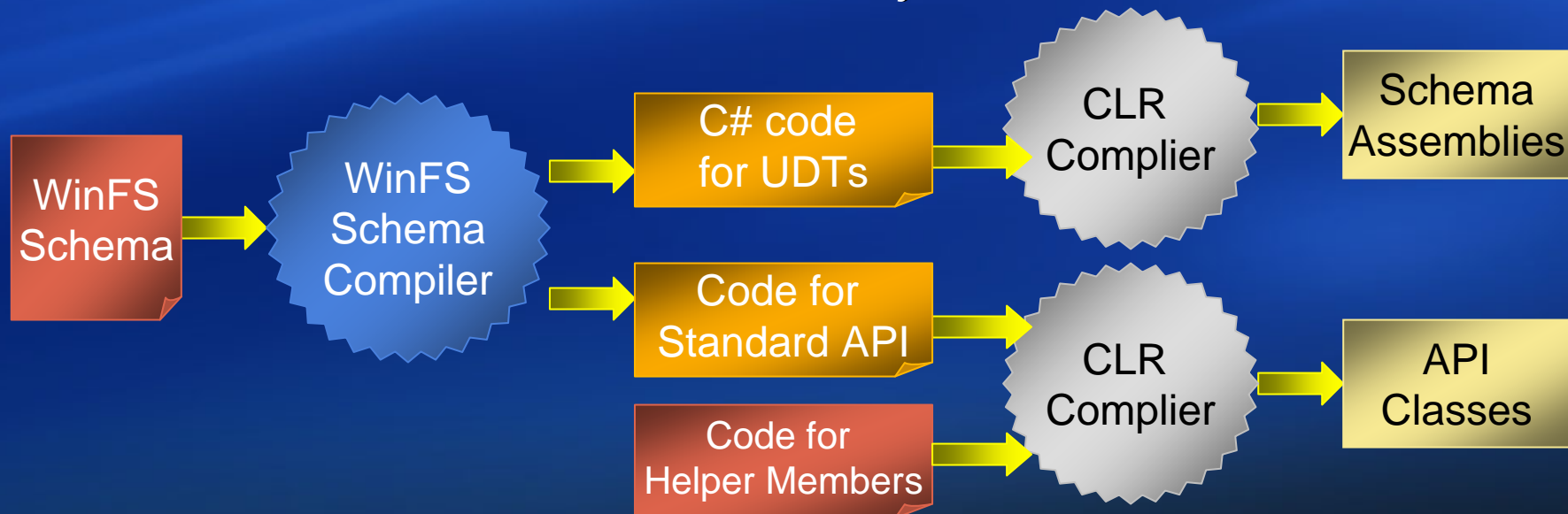
```
StoreWatcherOptions Opts=new StoreWatcherOptions();  
Opts.NotifyModified = true;
```

```
StoreWatcher w = person.GetWatcher( Opts );  
w.StoreObjectChanged += new StoreEventHandler(  
    MyHandler );
```

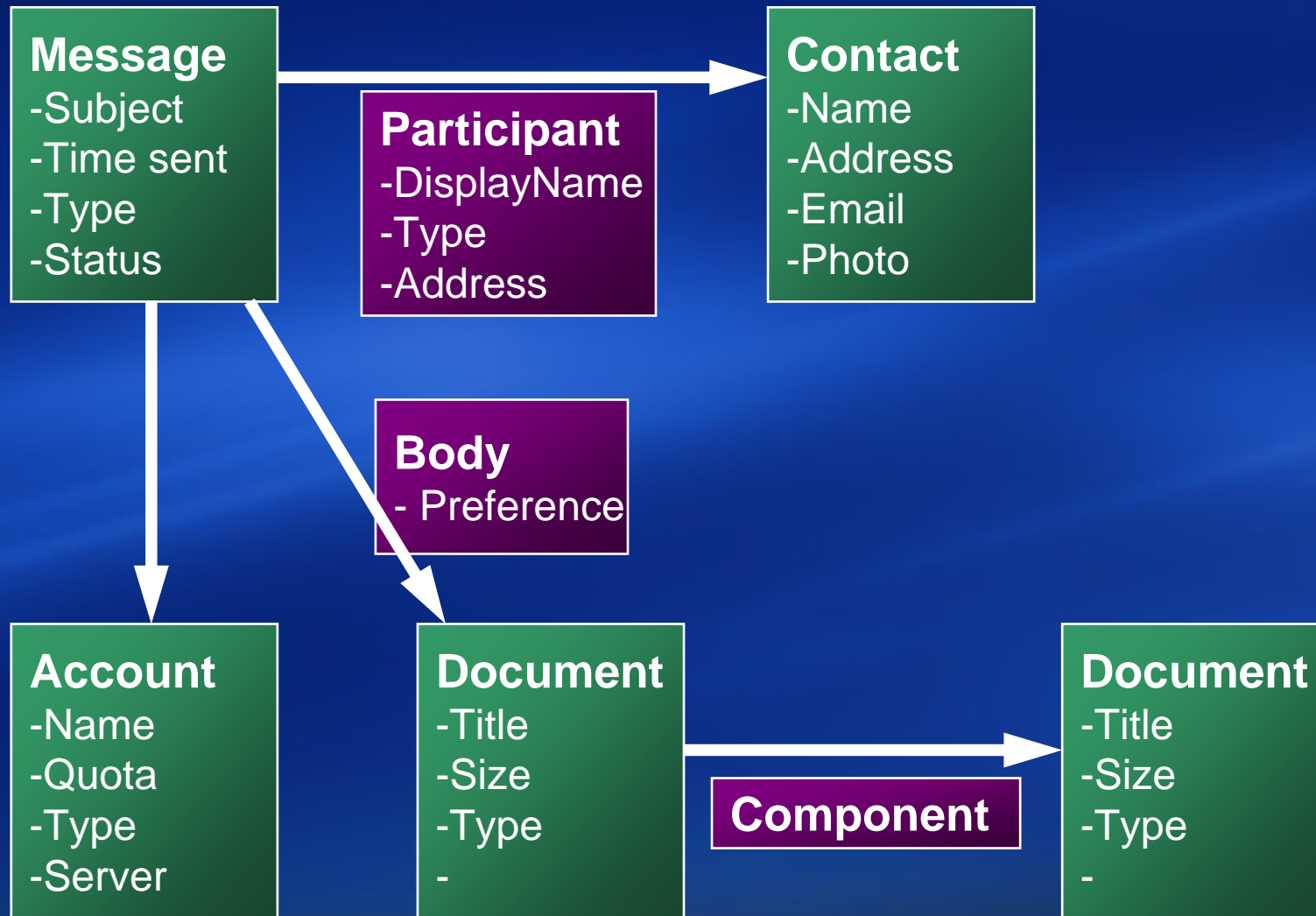
```
void MyHandler( Object sender, StoreEventArgs e )  
{  
    ...  
}
```

Creating API for a Schema

- Create WinFS schema in XML format
- Schema compiler generates API assembly
- You can add your own “helper” members
- The assemblies are installed into a WinFS store
 - WinFS types are registered as UDTs
 - Views and other database objects are created



WinFS Message Schema (Example)



My Favorite Query

- What do I know about “John Smith”
- Documents by/about him
- Emails from him
- His address
- Phone calls from him
- Annotations he added to my papers
- Meetings with him

Microsoft[®]